

# **1GB Unbuffered DDR3 SDRAM DIMM**

# EBJ10EE8BAWA (128M words × 72 bits, 1 Rank)

# Specifications

- Density: 1GB
- Organization
- 128M words  $\times$  72 bits, 1 rank
- Mounting 9 pieces of 1G bits DDR3 SDRAM sealed in FBGA
- Package: 240-pin socket type dual in line memory module (DIMM)
- PCB height: 30.0mm
- Lead pitch: 1.0mm
- Lead-free (RoHS compliant)
- Power supply:  $VDD = 1.5V \pm 0.075V$
- Data rate: 1333Mbps/1066Mbps/800Mbps (max.)
- Eight internal banks for concurrent operation (components)
- Interface: SSTL\_15
- Burst lengths (BL): 8 and 4 with Burst Chop (BC)
- /CAS Latency (CL): 6, 7, 8, 9
- /CAS write latency (CWL): 5, 6, 7
- Precharge: auto precharge option for each burst access
- Refresh: auto-refresh, self-refresh
- Refresh cycles
- Average refresh period
   7.8µs at 0°C ≤ TC ≤ +85°C
   3.9µs at +85°C < TC ≤ +95°C</li>
- Operating case temperature range
- TC = 0°C to +95°C

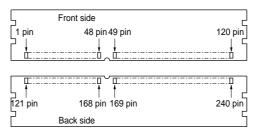
## Features

- Double-data-rate architecture; two data transfers per clock cycle
- The high-speed data transfer is realized by the 8 bits prefetch pipelined architecture
- Bi-directional differential data strobe (DQS and /DQS) is transmitted/received with data for capturing data at the receiver
- DQS is edge-aligned with data for READs; centeraligned with data for WRITEs
- Differential clock inputs (CK and /CK)
- DLL aligns DQ and DQS transitions with CK transitions
- Commands entered on each positive CK edge; data and data mask referenced to both edges of DQS
- Data mask (DM) for write data
- Posted /CAS by programmable additive latency for better command and data bus efficiency
- On-Die-Termination (ODT) for better signal quality
- Synchronous ODT
- Dynamic ODT
- Asynchronous ODT
- Multi Purpose Register (MPR) for temperature read
   out
- ZQ calibration for DQ drive and ODT
- Programmable Partial Array Self-Refresh (PASR)
- /RESET pin for Power-up sequence and reset
- function
- SRT range:
- Normal/extended
- Auto/manual self-refresh
- Programmable Output driver impedance control
- Class B temperature sensor functionality with EEPROM

# **Ordering Information**

Part number	Data rate Mbps (max.)	Component JEDEC speed bin (CL-tRCD-tRP)	Package	Contact pad	Mounted devices
EBJ10EE8BAWA-DJ-E	1333	DDR3-1333H (9-9-9)	240-pin DIMM (lead-free)	Gold	EDJ1108BABG-DG-E EDJ1108BABG-DJ-E
EBJ10EE8BAWA-AE-E	1066	DDR3-1066F (7-7-7)			EDJ1108BABG-DG-E EDJ1108BABG-DJ-E EDJ1108BABG-AC-E EDJ1108BABG-AE-E
EBJ10EE8BAWA-8C-E	800	DDR3-800E (6-6-6)	_		EDJ1108BABG-DG-E EDJ1108BABG-DJ-E EDJ1108BABG-AC-E EDJ1108BABG-AE-E EDJ1108BABG-AG-E EDJ1108BABG-8A-E EDJ1108BABG-8C-E

# Pin Configurations



			Dack Side				
Pin No.	Pin name	Pin No.	Pin name	Pin No.	Pin name	Pin No.	Pin name
1	VREFDQ	61	A2	121	VSS	181	A1
2	VSS	62	VDD	122	DQ4	182	VDD
3	DQ0	63	NC	123	DQ5	183	VDD
4	DQ1	64	NC	124	VSS	184	CK0
5	VSS	65	VDD	125	DM0	185	/CK0
6	/DQS0	66	VDD	126	NC	186	VDD
7	DQS0	67	VREFCA	127	VSS	187	/EVENT
8	VSS	68	NC	128	DQ6	188	A0
9	DQ2	69	VDD	129	DQ7	189	VDD
10	DQ3	70	A10(AP)	130	VSS	190	BA1
11	VSS	71	BA0	131	DQ12	191	VDD
12	DQ8	72	VDD	132	DQ13	192	/RAS
13	DQ9	73	/WE	133	VSS	193	/CS0
14	VSS	74	/CAS	134	DM1	194	VDD
15	/DQS1	75	VDD	135	NC	195	ODT0
16	DQS1	76	NC	136	VSS	196	A13
17	VSS	77	NC	137	DQ14	197	VDD
18	DQ10	78	VDD	138	DQ15	198	NC
19	DQ11	79	NC	139	VSS	199	VSS
20	VSS	80	VSS	140	DQ20	200	DQ36
21	DQ16	81	DQ32	141	DQ21	201	DQ37
22	DQ17	82	DQ33	142	VSS	202	VSS
23	VSS	83	VSS	143	DM2	203	DM4
24	/DQS2	84	/DQS4	144	NC	204	NC
25	DQS2	85	DQS4	145	VSS	205	VSS
26	VSS	86	VSS	146	DQ22	206	DQ38
27	DQ18	87	DQ34	147	DQ23	207	DQ39
28	DQ19	88	DQ35	148	VSS	208	VSS
29	VSS	89	VSS	149	DQ28	209	DQ44
30	DQ24	90	DQ40	150	DQ29	210	DQ45
31	DQ25	91	DQ41	151	VSS	211	VSS
32	VSS	92	VSS	152	DM3	212	DM5
33	/DQS3	93	/DQS5	153	NC	213	NC
34	DQS3	94	DQS5	154	VSS	214	VSS
35	VSS	95	VSS	155	DQ30	215	DQ46
36	DQ26	96	DQ42	156	DQ31	216	DQ47

Data Sheet E1368E30 (Ver. 3.0)

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# EBJ10EE8BAWA

Pin No.	Pin name						
37	DQ27	97	DQ43	157	VSS	217	VSS
38	VSS	98	VSS	158	CB4	218	DQ52
39	CB0	99	DQ48	159	CB5	219	DQ53
40	CB1	100	DQ49	160	VSS	220	VSS
41	VSS	101	VSS	161	DM8	221	DM6
42	/DQS8	102	/DQS6	162	NC	222	NC
43	DQS8	103	DQS6	163	VSS	223	VSS
44	VSS	104	VSS	164	CB6	224	DQ54
45	CB2	105	DQ50	165	CB7	225	DQ55
46	CB3	106	DQ51	166	VSS	226	VSS
47	VSS	107	VSS	167	NC	227	DQ60
48	NC	108	DQ56	168	/RESET	228	DQ61
49	NC	109	DQ57	169	NC	229	VSS
50	CKE0	110	VSS	170	VDD	230	DM7
51	VDD	111	/DQS7	171	NC	231	NC
52	BA2	112	DQS7	172	NC	232	VSS
53	NC	113	VSS	173	VDD	233	DQ62
54	VDD	114	DQ58	174	A12	234	DQ63
55	A11	115	DQ59	175	A9	235	VSS
56	A7	116	VSS	176	VDD	236	VDDSPD
57	VDD	117	SA0	177	A8	237	SA1
58	A5	118	SCL	178	A6	238	SDA
59	A4	119	SA2	179	VDD	239	VSS
60	VDD	120	VTT	180	A3	240	VTT

# **Pin Description**

A0 to A13 A10 (AP) A12 (/BC) BA0, BA1, BA2 DQ0 to DQ63 CB0 to CB7	Address input Row address A0 to A13 Column address A0 to A9 Auto precharge Burst chop Bank select address Data input/output				
A12 (/BC) BA0, BA1, BA2 DQ0 to DQ63	Burst chop Bank select address Data input/output				
BA0, BA1, BA2 DQ0 to DQ63	Bank select address Data input/output				
DQ0 to DQ63	Data input/output				
CB0 to CB7					
	Check bit (Data input/output)				
/RAS	Row address strobe command				
/CAS	Column address strobe command				
/WE	Write enable				
/CS0	Chip select				
CKE0	Clock enable				
СКО	Clock input				
/CK0	Differential clock input				
DQS0 to DQS8, /DQS0 to /DQS8	Input and output data strobe				
DM0 to DM8	Input mask				
SCL	Clock input for serial PD				
SDA	Data input/output for serial PD				
SA0, SA1, SA2	Serial address input				
VDD	Power for internal circuit				
VDDSPD	Power for serial EEPROM				
VREFCA	Reference voltage for CA				
VREFDQ	Reference voltage for DQ				
VSS	Ground				
VTT	I/O termination supply for SDRAM				
/RESET	Set DRAM to known state				
ODT0	ODT control				
/EVENT	Temperature event pin				
NC	No connection				

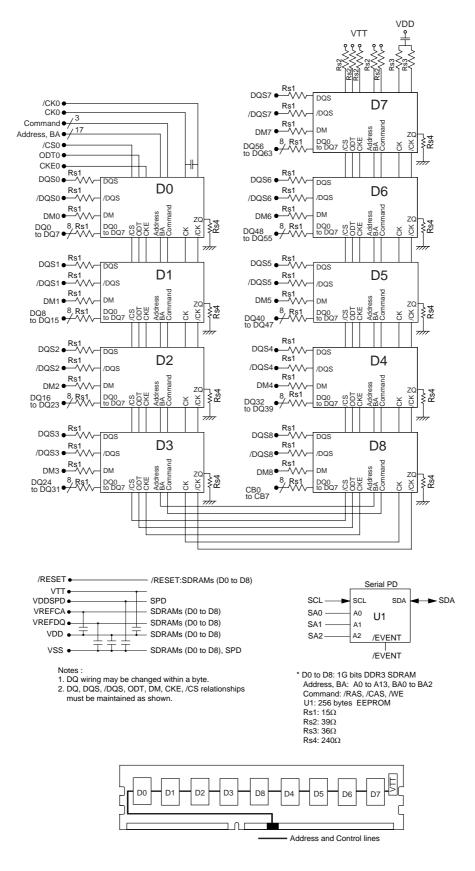
### **Serial PD Matrix**

Byte No	p. Function described	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0	Hex value	Comments
0	Number of serial PD bytes written/SPD device size/CRC coverage	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	92H	176/256/0-116
1	SPD revision	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	10H	Revision 1.0
2	Key byte/DRAM device type	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0BH	DDR3 SDRAM
3	Key byte/module type	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	02H	Unbuffered
4	SDRAM density and banks	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	02H	1G bits, 8 banks
5	SDRAM addressing	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	11H	14 rows, 10 columns
6	Module nominal voltage, VDD	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	1.5V
7	Module organization	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	01H	1 rank/×8 bits
8	Module memory bus width	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0BH	72 bits/ECC
9	Fine timebase (FTB) dividend/divisor	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	52H	5/2
10	Medium timebase (MTB) dividend	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	01H	1
11	Medium timebase (MTB) divisor	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	08H	8
12	SDRAM minimum cycle time (tCK (min.)) -DJ	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0CH	1.5ns
	-AE	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0FH	1.875ns
	-8C	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	14H	2.5ns
13	Reserved	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	_
14	SDRAM /CAS latencies supported, LSB -DJ	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	3CH	CL = 6, 7, 8, 9
	-AE	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1CH	CL = 6, 7, 8
	-8C	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	04H	CL = 6
15	SDRAM /CAS latencies supported, MSB	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	_
16	SDRAM minimum /CAS latencies time (tAA (min.)) -DJ, -AE	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	69H	13.125ns
	-8C	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	78H	15ns
17	SDRAM write recovery time (tWR)	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	78H	15ns
18	SDRAM minimum /RAS to /CAS delay (tRCD) -DJ, -AE	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	69H	13.125ns
	-8C	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	78H	15ns
19	SDRAM minimum row active to row active delay (tRRD) -DJ	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	30H	6ns
	-AE	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	3CH	7.5ns
	-8C	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	50H	10ns
20	SDRAM minimum row precharge time (tRP) -DJ, -AE	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	69H	13.125ns
	-8C	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	78H	15ns
21	SDRAM upper nibbles for tRAS and tRC	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	11H	

Byte No.	Function described	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0	Hex value	Comments
22	SDRAM minimum active to precharge time (tRAS), LSB DJ	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	20H	36ns
	-AE, -8C	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	2CH	37.5ns
23	SDRAM minimum active to active /auto- refresh time (tRC), LSB -DJ	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	8CH	49.5ns
	-AE	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	95H	50.625ns
	-8C	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	A4H	52.5ns
24	SDRAM minimum refresh recovery time delay (tRFC), LSB	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	70H	110ns
25	SDRAM minimum refresh recovery time delay (tRFC), MSB	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	03H	110ns
26	SDRAM minimum internal write to read command delay (tWTR)	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	3CH	7.5ns
27	SDRAM minimum internal read to precharge command delay (tRTP)	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	3CH	7.5ns
28	Upper nibble for tFAW -DJ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	
	-AE, -8C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	01H	
29	Minimum four activate window delay time (tFAW) -DJ	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	F0H	30ns
	-AE	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	2CH	37.5ns
	-8C	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	40H	40ns
30	SDRAM output drivers supported	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	83H	DLL-off/RZQ/6, 7
31	SDRAM refresh options	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	81H	PASR/2X refresh at +85C° to +95C°
32	Module thermal sensor	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	80H	Incorporated
33	SDRAM device type	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	Standard
34 to 59	Reserved	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	_
60	Module nominal height	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0FH	29 < height ≤ 30mm
61	Module maximum thickness	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	01H	
62	Reference raw card used	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	03H	Raw Card D
63	Address mapping from edge connecter to DRAM	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	Standard
64 to 116	Module specific section	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	_
117	Module ID: manufacturer's JEDEC ID code, LSB	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	02H	Elpida Memory
118	Module ID: manufacturer's JEDEC ID code, MSB	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	FEH	Elpida Memory
119	Module ID: manufacturing location	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	XX	
120	Module ID: manufacturing date	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	XX	Year code (BCD)
121	Module ID: manufacturing date	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	XX	Week code (BCD)
122 to 125	Module ID: module serial number	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	XX	
126	Cyclical redundancy code (CRC) -DJ	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	33H	
	-AE	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	06H	
	-8C	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	9EH	

Byte No.	Function described	Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0	Hex value	Comments
127	Cyclical redundancy code (CRC) -DJ	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	EEH	
	-AE	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	FFH	
	-8C	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	A6H	
128	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	45H	E
129	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	42H	В
130	Module part number	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	4AH	J
131	Module part number	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	31H	1
132	Module part number	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	30H	0
133	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	45H	E
134	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	45H	E
135	Module part number	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	38H	8
136	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	42H	В
137	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	41H	А
138	Module part number	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	57H	W
139	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	41H	A
140	Module part number	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	2DH	_
141	Module part number -DJ	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	44H	D
	-AE	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	41H	A
	-8C	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	38H	8
142	Module part number -DJ	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	4AH	J
	-AE	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	45H	E
	-8C	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	43H	С
143	Module part number	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	2DH	_
144	Module part number	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	45H	E
145	Module part number	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	20H	(Space)
146	Module revision code	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	30H	Initial
147	Module revision code	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	20H	(Space)
148	SDRAM manufacturer's JEDEC ID code, LSB	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	02H	Elpida Memory
149	SDRAM manufacturer's JEDEC ID code, MSB	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	FEH	Elpida Memory
150 to 175	Manufacturer's specific data	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00H	
176 to 255	Open for customer use		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	

**Block Diagram** 



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#### **Electrical Specifications**

• All voltages are referenced to VSS (GND).

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol Value		Unit	Notes
Power supply voltage	VDD	–0.4 to +1.975	V	1, 3, 4
Input voltage	VIN	–0.4 to +1.975	V	1, 4
Output voltage	VOUT	–0.4 to +1.975	V	1, 4
Reference voltage	VREFCA	–0.4 to $0.6 \times \text{VDD}$	V	3, 4
Reference voltage for DQ	VREFDQ	–0.4 to $0.6 \times \text{VDDQ}$	V	3, 4
Storage temperature	Tstg	–55 to +100	°C	1, 2, 4
Power dissipation	PD	9	W	
Short circuit output current	IOUT	50	mA	1, 4

Notes: 1. Stresses greater than those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

2. Storage temperature is the case surface temperature on the center/top side of the DRAM.

3. VDD and VDDQ must be within 300mV of each other at all times; and VREF must be not greater than  $0.6 \times$  VDDQ, When VDD and VDDQ are less than 500mV; VREF may be equal to or less than 300mV.

- 4. DDR3 SDRAM component specification.
- Caution Exposing the device to stress above those listed in Absolute Maximum Ratings could cause permanent damage. The device is not meant to be operated under conditions outside the limits described in the operational section of this specification Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **Operating Temperature Condition**

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Notes
Operating case temperature	TC	0 to +95	°C	1, 2, 3

Notes: 1. Operating temperature is the case surface temperature on the center/top side of the DRAM.

 The Normal Temperature Range specifies the temperatures where all DRAM specifications will be supported. During operation, the DRAM case temperature must be maintained between 0°C to +85°C under all operating conditions.

3. Some applications require operation of the DRAM in the Extended Temperature Range between +85°C and +95°C case temperature. Full specifications are guaranteed in this range, but the following additional conditions apply:

a) Refresh commands must be doubled in frequency, therefore reducing the refresh interval tREFI to 3.9µs. (This double refresh requirement may not apply for some devices.)

b) If Self-refresh operation is required in the Extended Temperature Range, then it is mandatory to either use the Manual Self-Refresh mode with Extended Temperature Range capability (MR2 bit [A6, A7] = [0, 1]) or enable the optional Auto Self-Refresh mode (MR2 bit [A6, A7] = [1, 0]).

•	•					
Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Notes
Supply voltage	VDD, VDDQ	1.425	1.5	1.575	V	1, 2, 3
	VSS	0	0	0	V	1
	VDDSPD	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	
Input reference voltage	VREFCA (DC)	0.49  imes VDDQ	0.50  imes VDDQ	0.51  imes VDDQ	V	1, 4, 5
Input reference voltage for DQ	VREFDQ (DC)	0.49  imes VDDQ	0.50  imes VDDQ	0.51  imes VDDQ	V	1, 4, 5
Termination voltage	VTT	VDDQ/2 – TBD	TBD	VDDQ/2 + TBD	V	

### Recommended DC Operating Conditions (TC = 0°C to +85°C)

Notes: 1. DDR3 SDRAM component specification.

2. Under all conditions VDDQ must be less than or equal to VDD.

3. VDDQ tracks with VDD. AC parameters are measured with VDD and VDDQ tied together.

4. The AC peak noise on VREF may not allow VREF to deviate from VREF(DC) by more than  $\pm$ 1% VDD (for reference: approx  $\pm$ 15 mV).

5. For reference: approx. VDD/2  $\pm$  15 mV.

# DC Characteristics 1 (TC = 0°C to +85°C, VDD = $1.5V \pm 0.075V$ , VSS = 0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Data rate (Mbps)	max.	Unit	Notes
		1333	1080		
Operating current	IDD0	1066	990	mA	
(ACT-PRE)		800	900		
		1333	1260		
Operating current	IDD1	1066	1125	mA	
(ACT-READ-PRE)		800	1035		
		1333	360		
	IDD2PF	1066	315	mA	Fast PD Exit
Dreaharga nawar dawn atandhu awrant		800	270		
Precharge power-down standby current		1333	126		
	IDD2PS	1066	117	mA	Slow PD Exit
		800	108		
		1333	630		
Precharge quiet standby current	IDD2Q	1066	540	mA	
		800	450		
		1333	675		
Precharge standby current	IDD2N	1066	585	mA	
		800	495		
Active power-down current		1333	405		
(Always fast exit)	IDD3P	1066	360	mA	
(Always last exit)		800	315		
		1333	765		
Active standby current	IDD3N	1066	675	mA	
		800	585		
Operating current		1333	1980		
(Burst read operating)	IDD4R	1066	1620	mA	
(Duist lead Operating)		800	1260		
		1333	2160		
Operating current (Burst write operating)	IDD4W	1066	1800	mA	
(Buist while Operating)		800	1440		
		1333	3015		
Burst refresh current	IDD5B	1066	2835	mA	
		800	2655		
		1333	3105		
All bank interleave read current	IDD7R	1066	2565	mA	
		800	2340		

# Self-Refresh Current (TC = 0°C to +85°C, VDD = $1.5V \pm 0.075V$ )

Parameter	Symbol	max.	Unit	Notes
Self-refresh current normal temperature range	IDD6	90	mA	
Self-refresh current extended temperature range	IDD6ET	162	mA	
Auto self-refresh current	IDD6TC	162	mA	

### AC Timing for IDD Test Conditions

For purposes of IDD testing, the following parameters are to be utilized.

	0.	01				
Parameter	DDR3-1333 9-9-9	DDR3-1066	DDR3-800 6-6-6	Unit		
		7-7-7				
CL (IDD)	9	7	6	tCK		
tCK min.(IDD)	1.5	1.875	2.5	ns		
tRCD min. (IDD)	13.5	13.13	15	ns		
tRC min. (IDD)	49.5	50.63	52.5	ns		
tRAS min.(IDD)	36	37.5	37.5	ns		
tRP min. (IDD)	13.5	13.13	15	ns		
tFAW (IDD)	30	37.5	40	ns		
tRRD (IDD)	6.0	7.5	10	ns		
tRFC (IDD)	110	110	110	ns		

# DC Characteristics 2 (TC = 0°C to +85°C, VDD, VDDQ = $1.5V \pm 0.075V$ )

# (DDR3 SDRAM Component Specification)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	Notes
Input leakage current	ILI	2	μA	$VDD \geq VIN \geq VSS$
Output leakage current	ILO	5	μΑ	$DDQ \geq VOUT \geq VSS$

#### **Pin Functions**

### CK, /CK (input pin)

CK and /CK are differential clock inputs. All address and control input signals are sampled on the crossing of the positive edge of CK and negative edge of /CK. Output (read) data is referenced to the crossings of CK and /CK (both directions of crossing).

#### /CS (input pin)

All commands are masked when /CS is registered high. /CS provides for external rank selection on systems with multiple ranks. /CS is considered part of the command code.

#### /RAS, /CAS, and /WE (input pins)

/RAS, /CAS and /WE (along with /CS) define the command being entered.

#### A0 to A13 (input pins)

Provided the row address for active commands and the column address for read/write commands to select one location out of the memory array in the respective bank. (A10(AP) and A12(/BC) have additional functions, see below) The address inputs also provide the op-code during mode register set commands.

#### [Address Pins Table]

Address (A0 to A13)

Row address (RA)	Column address (CA)	Notes
AX0 to AX13	AY0 to AY9	

#### A10(AP) (input pin)

A10 is sampled during read/write commands to determine whether auto-precharge should be performed to the accessed bank after the read/write operation. (high: auto-precharge; low: no auto-precharge)

A10 is sampled during a precharge command to determine whether the precharge applies to one bank (A10 = low) or all banks (A10 = high). If only one bank is to be precharged, the bank is selected by bank addresses (BA).

#### A12 (/BC) (input pin)

A12 is sampled during read and write commands to determine if burst chop (on-the-fly) will be performed. (A12 = high: no burst chop, A12 = low: burst chopped.)

#### BA0 to BA2 (input pins)

BA0, BA1 and BA2 define to which bank an active, read, write or precharge command is being applied. BA0 and BA1 also determine if a mode register is to be accessed during a MRS cycle.

#### [Bank Select Signal Table]

	BA0	BA1	BA2	
Bank 0	L	L	L	
Bank 1	Н	L	L	
Bank 2	L	Н	L	
Bank 3	Н	Н	L	
Bank 4	L	L	Н	
Bank 5	Н	L	Н	
Bank 6	L	Н	Н	
Bank 7	Н	Н	Н	

Remark: H: VIH. L: VIL.

#### CKE (input pin)

CKE high activates, and CKE low deactivates, internal clock signals and device input buffers and output drivers. Taking CKE low provides precharge power-down and self-refresh operation (all banks idle), or active power-down (row active in any bank). CKE is asynchronous for self-refresh exit. After VREF has become stable during the power-on and initialization sequence, it must be maintained for proper operation of the CKE receiver. For proper self-refresh entry and exit, VREF must be maintained to this input. CKE must be maintained high throughout read and write accesses. Input buffers, excluding CK, /CK, ODT and CKE are disabled during power-down. Input buffers, excluding CKE, are disabled during self-refresh.

#### DQ and CB (input and output pins)

Bi-directional data bus.

#### DQS and /DQS (input and output pin)

Output with read data, input with write data. Edge-aligned with read data, centered in write data. The data strobe DQS is paired with differential signals /DQS to provide differential pair signaling to the system during READs and WRITES.

#### **ODT (input pins)**

ODT (registered high) enables termination resistance internal to the DDR3 SDRAM. When enabled, ODT is only applied to each DQ, DQS, /DQS, DM. The ODT pin will be ignored if the mode register (MR1) is programmed to disable ODT.

#### DM (input pins)

DM is the reference signal of the data input mask function. DMs are sampled at the cross point of DQS and /DQS.

#### VDD (power supply pins)

1.5V is applied. (VDD is for the internal circuit.)

#### VDDSPD (power supply pin)

3.3V is applied (For serial EEPROM).

#### VSS (power supply pin)

Ground is connected.

VTT (power supply pin) I/O termination supply for SDRAM.

VREFDQ (power supply) Reference voltage for DQ.

VREFCA (power supply)

Reference voltage for CA.

#### /RESET (input pin)

/RESET is negative active signal (active low) and is referred to GND.

#### **/EVENT (output pin)** Temperature alert output.

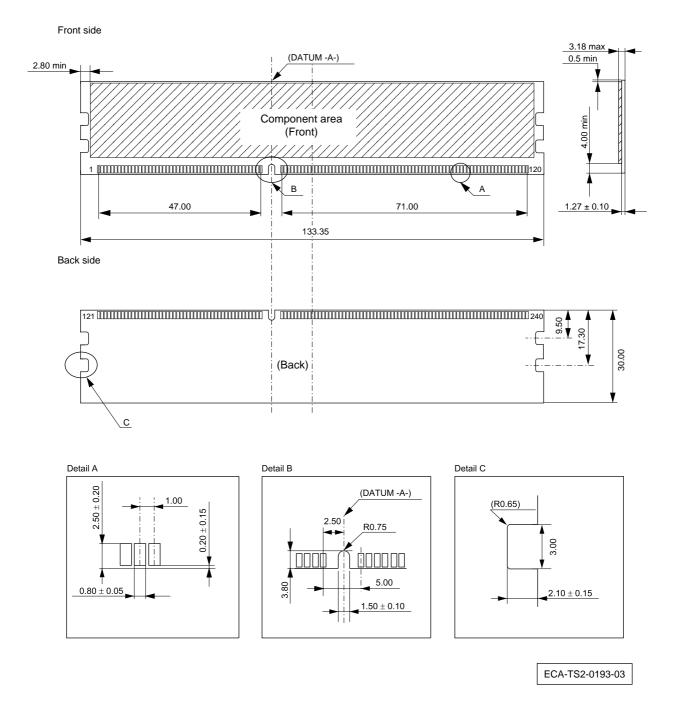
# Detailed Operation Part, Electrical Characteristics and Timing Waveforms

Refer to the EDJ1108BABG, EDJ1116BABG datasheet (E1248E).

Data Sheet E1368E30 (Ver. 3.0)

# **Physical Outline**

Unit: mm



# CAUTION FOR HANDLING MEMORY MODULES

When handling or inserting memory modules, be sure not to touch any components on the modules, such as the memory ICs, chip capacitors and chip resistors. It is necessary to avoid undue mechanical stress on these components to prevent damaging them.

In particular, do not push module cover or drop the modules in order to protect from mechanical defects, which would be electrical defects.

When re-packing memory modules, be sure the modules are not touching each other. Modules in contact with other modules may cause excessive mechanical stress, which may damage the modules.

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### - NOTES FOR CMOS DEVICES -

# **①** PRECAUTION AGAINST ESD FOR MOS DEVICES

Exposing the MOS devices to a strong electric field can cause destruction of the gate oxide and ultimately degrade the MOS devices operation. Steps must be taken to stop generation of static electricity as much as possible, and quickly dissipate it, when once it has occurred. Environmental control must be adequate. When it is dry, humidifier should be used. It is recommended to avoid using insulators that easily build static electricity. MOS devices must be stored and transported in an anti-static container, static shielding bag or conductive material. All test and measurement tools including work bench and floor should be grounded. The operator should be grounded using wrist strap. MOS devices must not be touched with bare hands. Similar precautions need to be taken for PW boards with semiconductor MOS devices on it.

# (2) HANDLING OF UNUSED INPUT PINS FOR CMOS DEVICES

No connection for CMOS devices input pins can be a cause of malfunction. If no connection is provided to the input pins, it is possible that an internal input level may be generated due to noise, etc., hence causing malfunction. CMOS devices behave differently than Bipolar or NMOS devices. Input levels of CMOS devices must be fixed high or low by using a pull-up or pull-down circuitry. Each unused pin should be connected to VDD or GND with a resistor, if it is considered to have a possibility of being an output pin. The unused pins must be handled in accordance with the related specifications.

# **③** STATUS BEFORE INITIALIZATION OF MOS DEVICES

Power-on does not necessarily define initial status of MOS devices. Production process of MOS does not define the initial operation status of the device. Immediately after the power source is turned ON, the MOS devices with reset function have not yet been initialized. Hence, power-on does not guarantee output pin levels, I/O settings or contents of registers. MOS devices are not initialized until the reset signal is received. Reset operation must be executed immediately after power-on for MOS devices having reset function.

CME0107

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Example:

- 1) Usage in liquids, including water, oils, chemicals and organic solvents.
- 2) Usage in exposure to direct sunlight or the outdoors, or in dusty places.
- 3) Usage involving exposure to significant amounts of corrosive gas, including sea air, CL<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S, NH<sub>3</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, and NO<sub>x</sub>.
- 4) Usage in environments with static electricity, or strong electromagnetic waves or radiation.
- 5) Usage in places where dew forms.
- 6) Usage in environments with mechanical vibration, impact, or stress.
- 7) Usage near heating elements, igniters, or flammable items.

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